of the determination. The final decision may uphold, overrule, or modify the Director's decision or take any action deemed appropriate.

(d) Judicial review is available as the law permits.

 $[49\ FR\ 7986,\ Mar.\ 5,\ 1984,\ as\ amended\ at\ 55\ FR\ 38983,\ Sept.\ 24,\ 1990]$

PART 18—ATTORNEY'S FEES AND OTHER EXPENSES

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec.

- 18.1 Purpose of these rules.
- 18.2 Definitions.
- 18.3 When the Act applies.
- 18.4 Proceedings covered.
- 18.5 Eligibility of applicants.
- 18.6 Standards for awards.
- 18.7 Allowable fees and expenses.
- 18.8 Rulemaking on maximum rates for attorney fees.
- 18.9 Awards against other agencies.
- 18.10 Delegations of authority.

INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM APPLICANTS

- 18.11 Contents of application.
- 18.12 Net worth exhibit.
- 18.13 Documentation of fees and expenses.
- 18.14 When an application may be filed.

PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERING APPLICATIONS

- 18.15 Filing and service of documents.
- 18.16 Answer to application.
- 18.17 Reply.
- 18.18 Comments by other parties.
- 18.19 Settlement.
- 18.20 Further proceedings.
- 18.21 Decision.
- 18.22 Agency review.
- 18.23 Judical review.
- 18.24 Payment of award.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 504(c)(1).

Source: 47 FR 13510, Mar. 31, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§18.1 Purpose of these rules.

The Equal Access to Justice Act, 5 U.S.C. 504 (called "the Act" in this part), provides for the award of attorney fees and other expenses to eligible individuals and entities who are parties to certain administrative proceedings (called "adversary adjudications") before the Department of Commerce (the word Department includes its component agencies). An eligible party may receive an award when it prevails over

the Department, unless the Department's position in the proceeding was substantially justified or special circumstances make an award unjust. The rules in this part describe the parties that are eligible for awards and the Department's proceedings that are covered by the Act. They also explain how to apply for awards, and the procedures and standards that the Department will use to make them.

§18.2 Definitions.

As used in this part:

(a) Adversary adjudication means an adjudication under 5 U.S.C. 554 in which the position of the United States is represented by counsel or otherwise, but excludes an adjudication for the purpose of establishing or fixing a rate or for the purpose of granting or renewing a license.

(b) Adjudicative officer means the official, without regard to whether the official is designated as an administrative law judge, a hearing officer or examiner, or otherwise, who presided at the adversary adjudication.

§18.3 When the Act applies.

The Act applies to any adversary adjudication pending or commenced before the Department on or after August 5, 1985. It also applies to any adversary adjudication commenced on or after October 1, 1984, and finally disposed of before August 5, 1985, provided that an application for fees and expenses, as described in §§18.11 through 18.14 of this part, has been filed with the Department within 30 days after August 5, 1985, and to any adversary adjudication pending on or commenced on or after October 1, 1981, in which an application for fees and other expenses was timely filed and was dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

[53 FR 6798, Mar. 3, 1988]

§18.4 Proceedings covered.

(a) The Act applies to adversary adjudications conducted by the Department and to appeals of decisions of contracting officers of the Department made pursuant to section 6 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 605) before agency boards of contract appeals as provided in section 8 of that